

*Roger Access Control System*

## MCT84M-BK-QB Operating Manual

*Product version: 1.0*

*Firmware version: 1.0.10.216*

*Document version: Rev. A*



**roger**

# 1. DESIGN AND APPLICATION

The MCT84M-BK-QB is an identification terminal dedicated to RACS 5 access control system. Optionally, reader can be configured to open communication protocol and used in other scenarios (e.g. in automation systems). Users can be identified by use of QR code, BLE/NFC mobile ID or proximity card. Reader supports encrypted QR codes that are compatible with Roger standard or non-encrypted codes. The encrypted QR codes can be generated from RACS 5 system software. They may be available in the form of printed image (label) or displayed on a phone. BLE/NFC mobile identification requires RMK (Roger) mobile application (iOS/Android). When connected to MC16 controller reader can operate as access and/or Time&Attendance terminal and serve as building automation control point. The neutral design of enclosure matches various styles of traditional or modern interiors.

## Characteristics

- RACS 5 system access terminal
- read MIFARE Ultralight/Classic/DESFire/Plus cards
- read NFC and BLE mobile identifiers
- read encrypted QR codes
- read unencrypted bar codes 1D and 2D
- RS485 interface with EPSO 3 protocol (RACS 5 system)
- RS485 open protocol as option
- outdoor operation
- CE
- dimensions: 130,0 x 45,0 x 22,0 mm

## Power supply

The terminal requires power supply voltage in range of 11-15VDC. It can be supplied from MCX2D/MCX4D expander of MC16-PAC-KIT, from MC16 access controller (e.g. TML output) or from dedicated power supply unit. The supply wire diameter must be selected in such way that the voltage drop between supply output and the device would be lower than 1V. The proper wire diameter is especially critical when device is located in long distance from the supply source. In such a case the use of dedicated power supply unit located close to the device should be considered. When separate power supply unit is used then its minus should be connected to controller's GND by means of signal wire with any diameter. It is recommended to use UTP cable for connection of device to controller. The table below shows maximal UTP cable lengths in relation to the number of wires used for power supply.

Number of UTP wire pairs for power supply	Maximal length of power supply cable
1	150m
2	300m
3	450m
4	600m

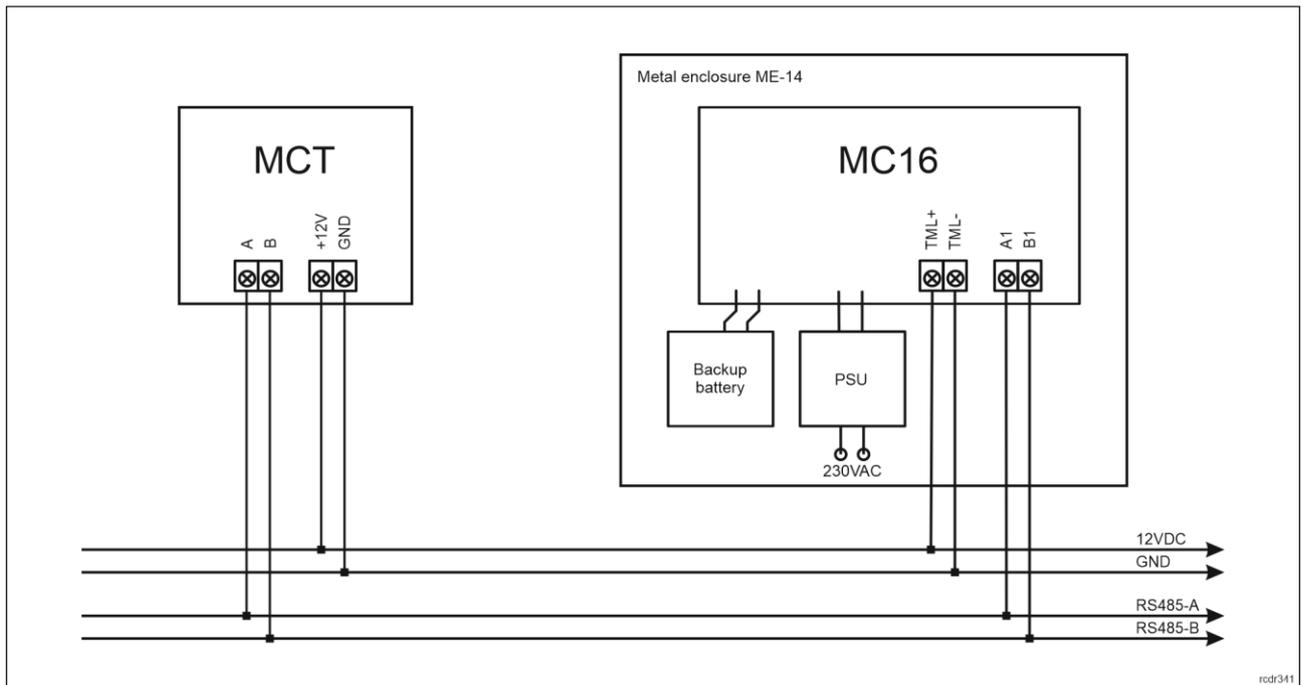


Fig. 1 MCT supply from MC16 access controller

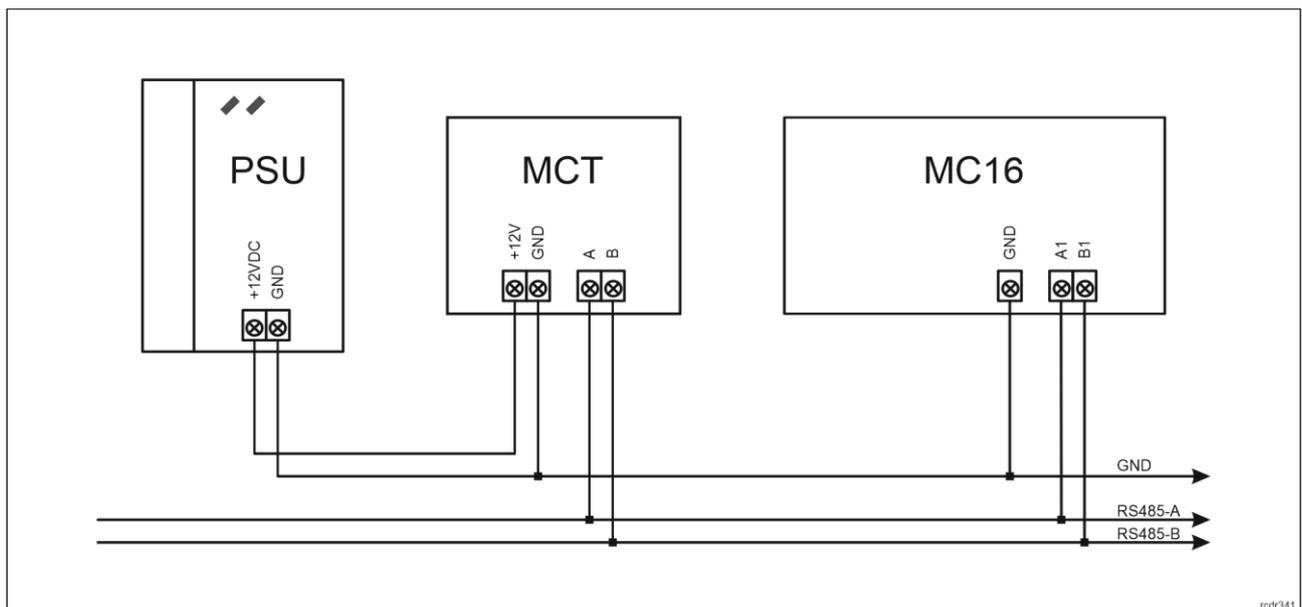


Fig. 2 MCT supply from dedicated power supply unit

## RS485 bus

The communication method with MC16 access controller is provided with RS485 bus which can encompass up to 16 devices of RACS 5 system, each with unique address in range of 100-115. The bus topology can be freely arranged as star, tree or any combination of them except for loop. The matching resistors (terminators) connected at the ends of transmitting lines are not required. In most cases communication works with any cable type (standard telephone cable, shielded or unshielded twisted pair etc.) but the recommended cable is unshielded twisted pair (U/UTP cat.5). Shielded cables should be limited to installations subject to strong electromagnetic interferences. The RS485 communication standard used in the RACS 5 system guarantees proper communication in a distance of up to 1200 meters as well as high resistance to interferences.

Note: Do not use more than single pair in UTP cable for RS485 communication bus.

## LED indicators

Terminals are equipped with three LED indicators which are used to signal integral functions and they can be additionally programmed with other available functions within high level configuration (VISO).

Table 3. LED indicators		
Indicator	Colour	Integral functions
LED STATUS	Red/green	Default colour of the indicator is red. If the terminal is assigned to Alarm Zone then the LED indicates zone arming (red) or disarming (green).
LED OPEN	Green	LED indicates access granting.
LED SYSTEM	Orange	LED indicates card reading and can signal other system functions including device malfunction.

Note: Synchronic pulsing of LED indicators signifies lost communication with MC16 controller.

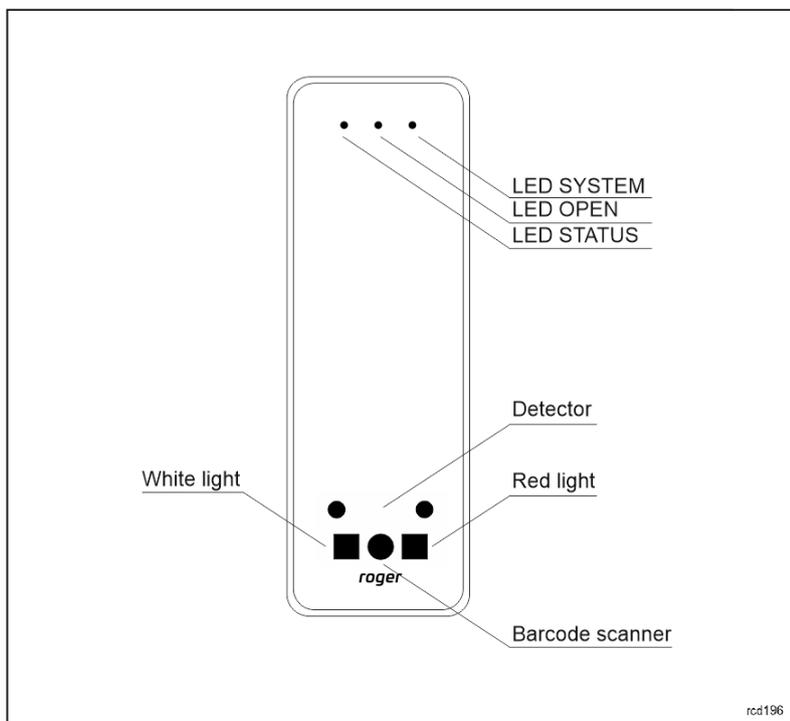


Fig. 3 LED indicators and barcode scanner

## Buzzer

Terminals are equipped with buzzer which is used to signal integral functions and it can be additionally programmed with other available functions within high level configuration (VISO).

## Tamper detector

Built-in tamper (sabotage) detector enables detection of unauthorized opening of device's enclosure as well as detachment of the enclosure from wall. The detector is internally connected to the terminal's input. It does not require low level configuration or any additional installation arrangements but it is essential to mount front panel in such way as the tamper detector (fig. 4) would firmly press the back panel. The detector requires high level configuration which consists in assignment of the function [133] *Tamper Toggle* on the level of a *Main Board* of a controller in VISO software navigation tree.

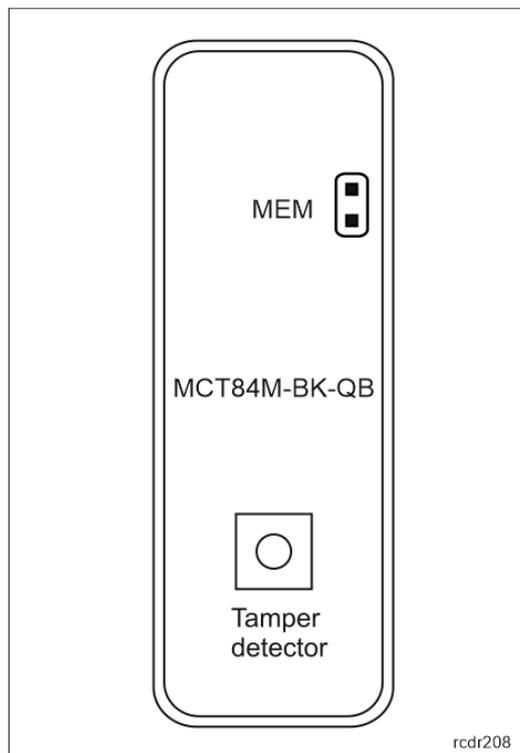


Fig. 4 Programming jumpers

## Identification

Depending on the version, following user identification methods are offered by terminals:

- MIFARE Ultralight/Classic proximity cards
- Mobile devices (NFC and BLE)
- 1D and 2D barcodes

### MIFARE cards

By default the terminal reads serial numbers (CSN) of MIFARE cards but it is possible to program cards with own numbers (PCN) in selected and encrypted sectors of card memory. The use of PCN prevents card cloning and consequently it significantly increases security in the system. More information on MIFARE card programming is given in AN024 application note which is available at [www.roger.pl](http://www.roger.pl).

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The technical characteristics of the device are guaranteed for RFID cards supplied by Roger. Cards from other sources may be used, but they are not covered by the manufacturer's warranty. Before deciding to use specific Roger products with third-party contactless cards, it is recommended to conduct tests that will confirm satisfactory operation with the specific Roger device and software in which it operates.

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### Mobile devices (NFC and BLE)

The MCT84M-BK-QB terminal enables identification of users using mobile devices (Android, iOS) based on NFC and Bluetooth (BLE) technology. Before starting to use BLE/NFC identification as part of the low-level configuration of the device (see point 4), define your own BLE/NFC Code Encryption Key and BLE/NFC Communication Encryption Key, and in the case of Bluetooth, additionally verify whether the BLE parameter is enabled. Install the Roger Mobile Key (RMK) application on the mobile device and set the same parameters as in the terminal. Create a key (authentication factor) in RMK by defining its type and number and then create the same authentication factor in the VISO program (fig. 5) assigning it to a user with Authorizations on the terminal. For identification, the user can select the key (authentication factor) in the RMK manually on the screen of the mobile device or using gestures.

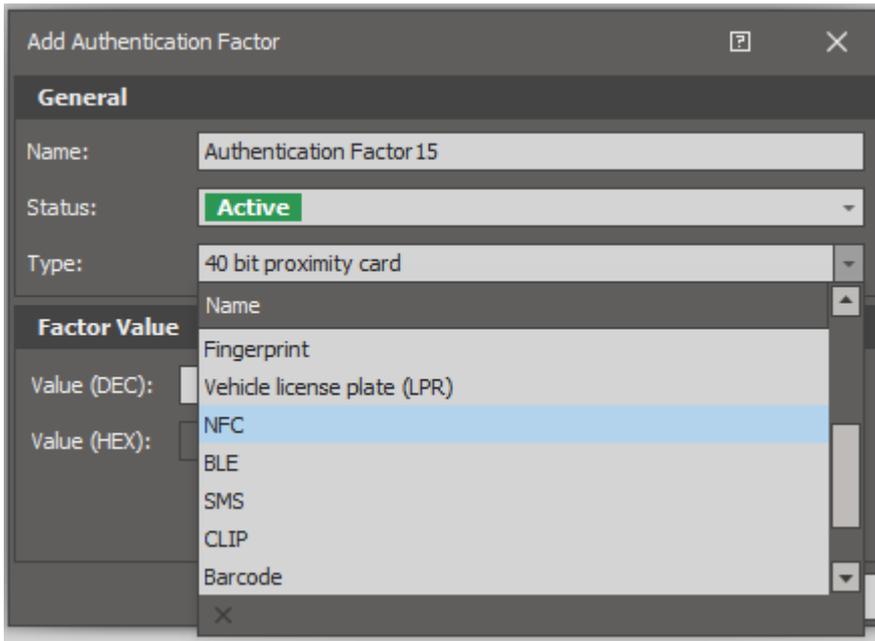


Fig. 5 Authentication factor type for NFC identification in VISO software

## Barcodes

The MCT84M-BK-QB terminal supports encrypted QR codes and unencrypted one-dimensional (1D) and two-dimensional (2D) barcodes. By default, the terminal supports encrypted QR codes generated in the Roger Mobile Key application. The option to handle clear codes is disabled by default and can be changed via low-level configuration (RogerVDM).

Before using barcode scanner identification, you must define your own NFC/BLE Encryption Key and NFC/BLE Communication Encryption Key as part of the low-level configuration of the device (see point 4). Install the Roger Mobile Key (RMK) application on the mobile device and set the same parameters as in the terminal. Create a new identifier in RMK by defining its type as QR and value (fig. 6) Then create the same authentication factor in VISO (fig. 7) assigning it to a user with Authorizations on the terminal. For identification, the user can select the key (authentication factor) in the RMK manually on the screen of the mobile device or using gestures.

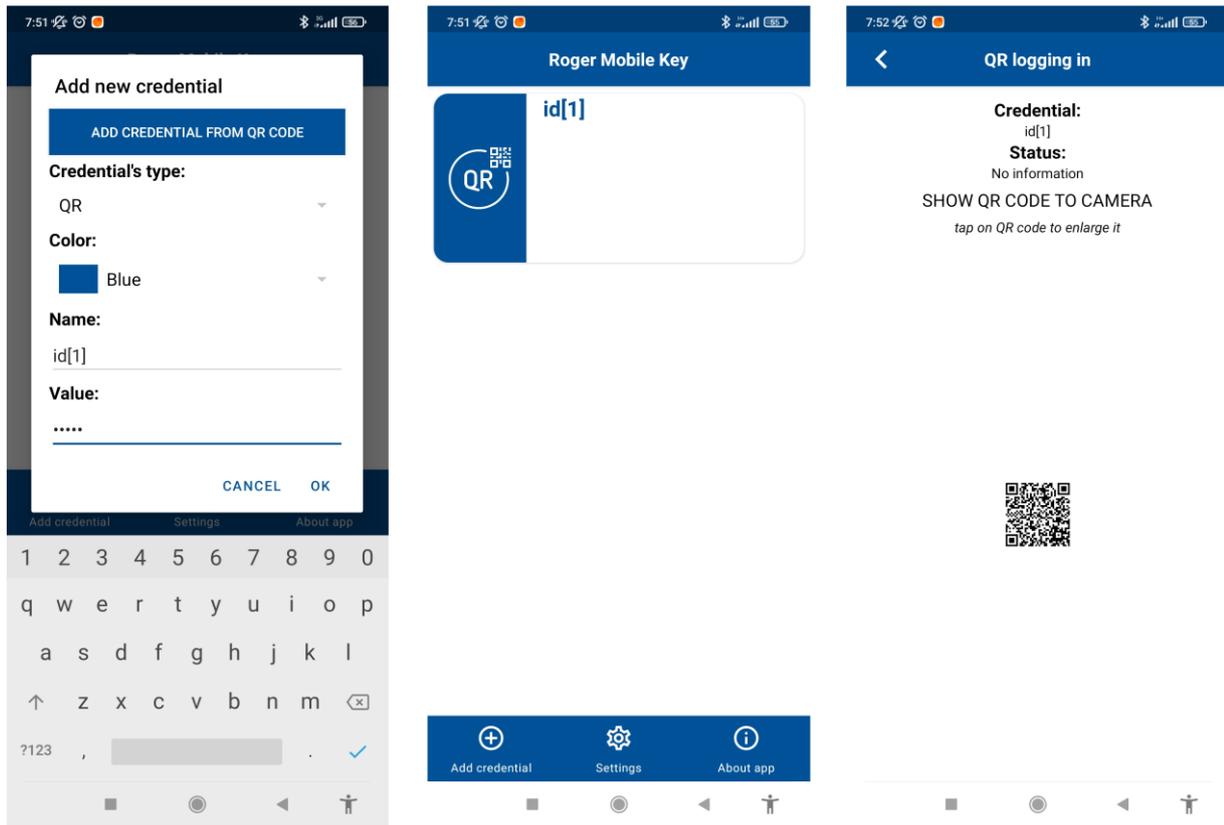


Fig. 6 Defining a QR code in the Roger Mobile Key app.

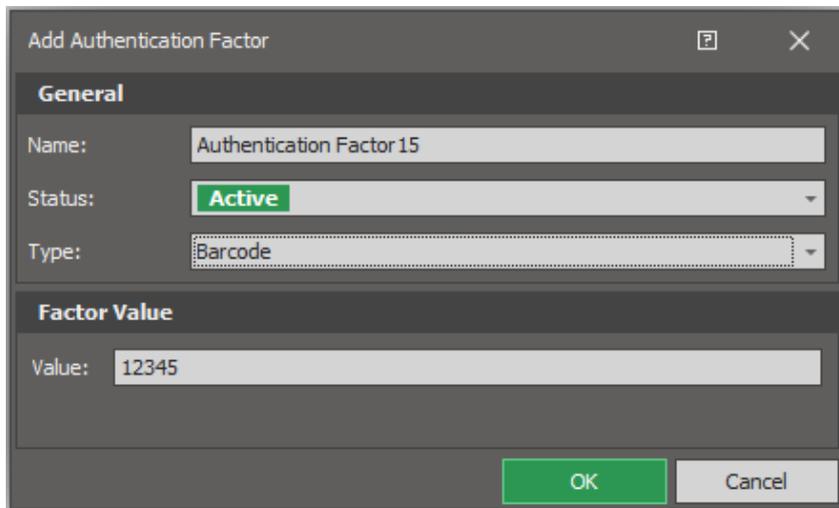
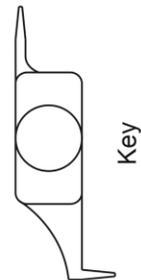
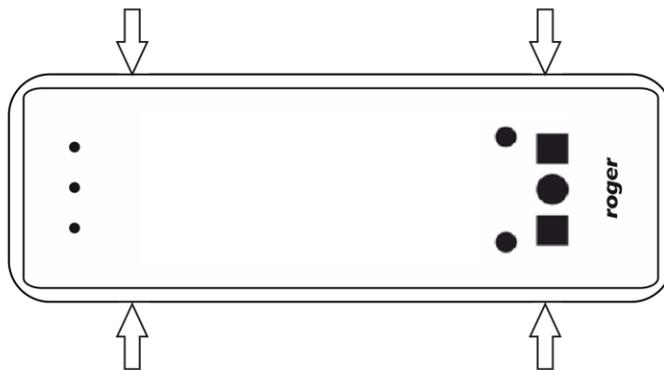
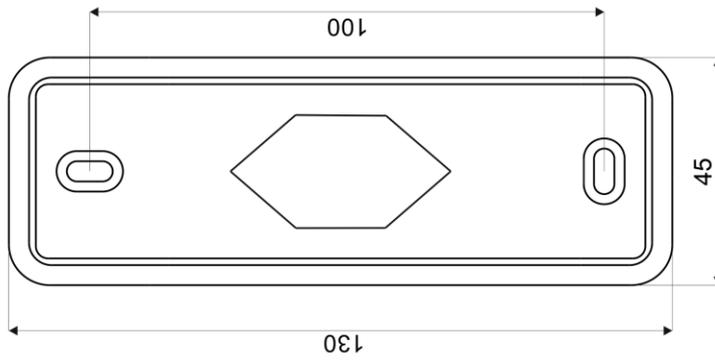


Fig. 7 Authentication factor type for the barcode in the VISO program

## 2. INSTALLATION

Name	Wire colour	Description
12V	Red	12VDC power supply
GND	Black	Ground
A	Yellow	OSDP interface, line A
B	Green	OSDP interface, line B

MCT84M-BK-QB terminal



Open the enclosure with included plastic key. Insert key ending into each of four holes until each internal latch is released.

**Do NOT rotate key ending or lever any latch!**

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Fig. 8 MCT84M-BK-QB installation

Note: MCT84M-BK-QB enclosure consists of front panel and back panel. New device is assembled with a standard back panel, but additional free of charge, extended back panel is included. This panel can be used when connection cable has to be hidden and no flush mounting box is available.

## Installation guidelines

- The terminal should be mounted on a vertical structure (wall) away from sources of heat and moisture.
- Front panel should be attached in such way as the tamper detector (fig. 4) would firmly press the back panel.
- All electrical connections should be done with disconnected power supply.
- If the terminal and controller are not supplied from the same PSU then GND terminals of both devices must be connected with any wire.
- Device can be cleaned by means of wet cloth and mild detergent without abrasive components. In particular do not clean with alcohols, solvents, petrol, disinfectants, acids, rust removers, etc. Damages resulting from improper maintenance and usage are not covered by manufacturer warranty.

## 3. OPERATION SCENARIOS

The terminal when connected to MC16 access controller can be at the same time used for access control and Time&Attendance. The example of connection diagram for such scenario is shown in fig. 7 where inputs and outputs from MC16 board are used and in fig. 8 where inputs and outputs from –IO version terminal are used. The terminal can also operate with MC16 controller using MCX2D/MCX4D expanders as in case of M16-PAC-KIT series. Various scenarios of operation with MC16 controllers are presented in AN002 application note.

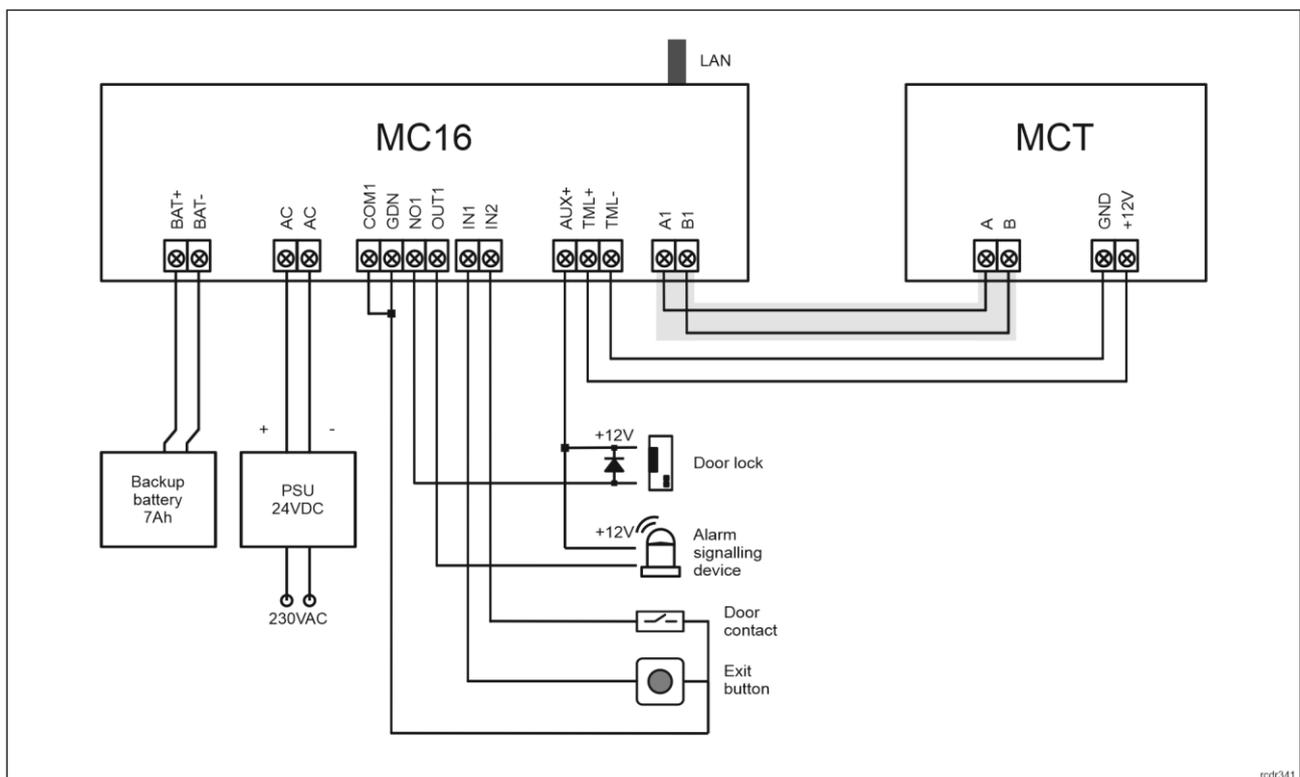


Fig. 9 Typical connection diagram for the terminal and MC16 access controller

## 4. CONFIGURATION

The purpose of low level configuration is to prepare device for operation in RACS 5 system. In case of RACS 5 v1 system the address of device must be configured by means of RogerVDM software or by manual addressing before connection to MC16 controller. While in RACS v2 system, low level configuration and addressing can be done with VISO v2 software during final configuration of the system. Therefore in RACS 5 v2 system the configuration from RogerVDM software and manual addressing are optional and during installation it is only necessary to properly connect the device to MC16 access controller.

### Low level configuration (VISO v2)

In RACS 5 v2 system the reader can be installed at site without previous configuration. According to AN006 application note, its address and other settings can be configured from VISO v2 management software and during such configuration the access to its service contacts (fig. 4) is not required.

### Low level configuration (RogerVDM)

Programming procedure with RogerVDM software:

1. Connect the device to RUD-1 interface (fig. 9) and connect the RUD-1 to computer's USB port.
2. Remove jumper from MEM contacts (fig. 4) if it is placed there.
3. Restart the device (switch power supply off and on or short RST contacts for a moment) and orange LED SYSTEM will pulsate. Then within 5 seconds place jumper on MEM contacts.
4. Start RogerVDM program, select *MCT* device, firmware version, *RS485* communication channel and serial port with RUD-1 interface.
5. Click *Connect*, the program will establish connection and will automatically display *Configuration* tab.
6. Enter unoccupied RS485 address in range of 100-115 and other settings according to requirements of specific installation.
7. Click *Send to Device* to update the configuration of device.
8. Optionally make a backup by clicking *Send to File...* and saving settings to file on disk.
9. Disconnect from RUD-1 interface and leave jumper on MEM contacts to enable further configuration of device from VISO v2 software or remove jumper from MEM contacts to block such remote configuration.

Note: Do not read any cards nor press keypad when reader is configured with RogerVDM.

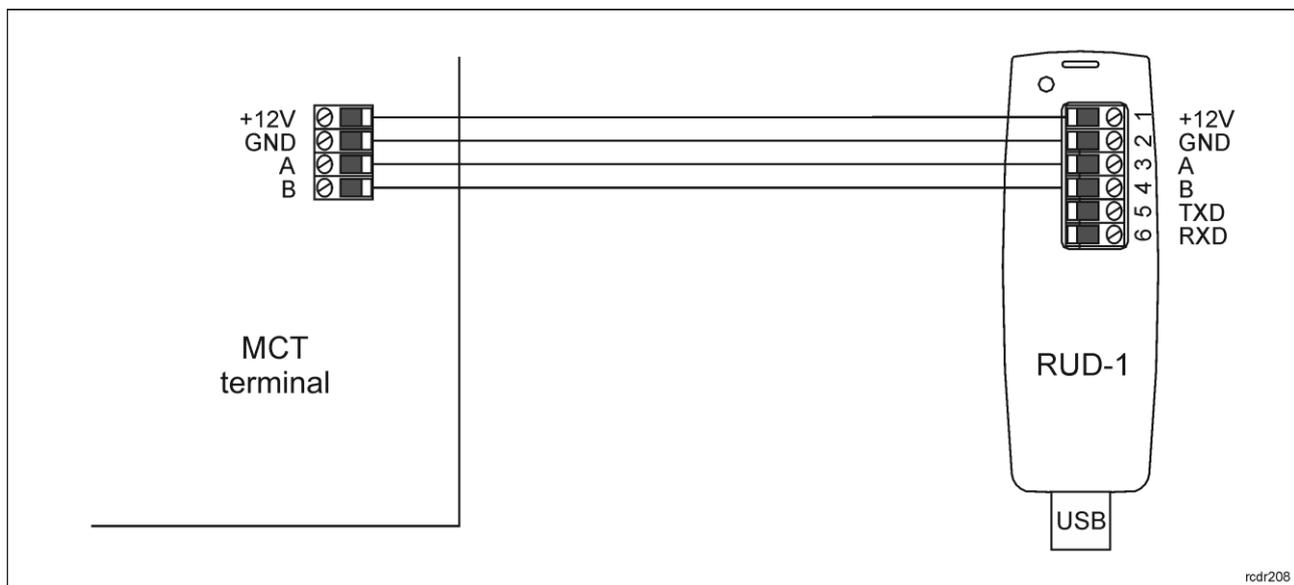


Fig. 10 Connection to RUD-1 interface (low level configuration)

Table 6. List of low level parameters	
Communication settings	
Communication interface	Parameter defines communication method of device with controller.

	Range: [0]:RS485, [3] Asynchronous mode. Default value: [0]:RS485.
RS485 address	Parameter defines device address on RS485 bus. Range: 100-115. Default value: 100.
RS485 encryption	Parameter enables encryption at RS485 bus. Range: [0]: No, [1]: Yes. Default value: [0]: No.
RS485 encryption key	Parameter defines key for encryption of communication at RS485 bus. Range: 4-16 ASCII characters.
Asynchronous mode type	Parameter defines format for asynchronous mode. Range: [0]: AF type undefined, [1]: AF type defined in prefix, [2] EPSO3. Default value: [0]: AF type undefined.
Asynchronous mode rate [bps]	Parameter defines transmission rate for asynchronous mode. Range: [2]: 1200, [4]: 2400, [8]: 4800, [16]: 9600, [24]: 14400, [32]: 19200, [48]: 28800, [96]: 57600, [192]:115200. Default value: [16]: 9600.
<b>Mobile authentication</b>	
NFC/BLE authentication factor encryption key	Parameter defines key for encryption of NFC/BLE communication. Range: 4-16 ASCII characters.
NFC/BLE communication encryption key	Parameter defines key for encryption of NFC/BLE communication. Range: 4-16 ASCII characters.
BLE authentication factor class	Parameter defines acceptable type of keys (authentication factors) created in Roger Mobile Key app for Bluetooth (BLE) communication. UCE means lower security and quicker identification while REK means higher security and slower identification. It is necessary to apply classes in RMK which are acceptable for terminal. Range: [1]: REK, [2]: UCE, [3]: UCE + REK. Default value: [3]: UCE + REK.
NFC authentication factor class	Parameter defines acceptable type of keys (authentication factors) created in Roger Mobile Key app for NFC communication. UCE means lower security and quicker identification while REK means higher security and slower identification. It is necessary to apply classes in RMK which are acceptable for terminal. Range: [1]: REK, [2]: UCE, [3]: UCE + REK. Default value: [3]: UCE+REK.
<b>Optical signalisation</b>	
RS485 communication timeout [s]	Parameter defines the delay after which the device will start signaling lack of communication with the controller on the LED indicators. Value 0 disables signaling. Value range: 0-64 seconds. Default value 20.
LED SYSTEM pulsing when card near reader	Parameter enables LED SYSTEM (orange) pulsing when card is close to the device. Range: [0]: No, [1]: Yes. Default value: [0]: No.
Backlight level [%]	Parameter defines backlight level. When set to 0 then backlight is disabled. Range: 0-100. Default value: 100.
Backlight switching off when no activity	Parameter enables temporary backlight dimming whenever card is read or key is pressed. Range: [0]: No, [1]: Yes. Default value: [1]: Yes.
LED SYSTEM flash after card read	Parameter enables short flash of LED SYSTEM (orange) when card is read. Range: [0]: No, [1]: Yes. Default value: [1]: Yes.
<b>Acoustic signalisation</b>	
Buzzer loudness level [%]	Parameter defines buzzer loudness level. When set to 0 then buzzer is disabled Range: 0-100. Default value: 100.
Short sound after card read	Parameter enables short sound (beep) generating by buzzer when card is read. Range: [0]: No, [1]: Yes. Default value: [1]: Yes.
<b>Advanced settings</b>	

AF type	Parameter defines authentication factor type returned by terminal. Default value: [0010]: Number 40bits.
Long card read time [s]	Parameter defines long card read time. When set to 0 then long read is disabled. Range: 0-64. Default value: 0.
Long key press time [s]	Parameter defines long press time for such key types as [*], [#] and [F1] - [F4]. When set to 0 then long press is disabled. Range: 0-64. Default value: 2.
BLE activated	Parameter enables deactivation of Bluetooth transmission. Range: [0]: No, [1]: Yes. Default value: [1]: Yes.
BLE session timeout [s]	Parameter defines maximal time for establishing connection between mobile device and terminal in Bluetooth technology. When timeout elapses the session is interrupted by terminal so mobile device could attempt to establish connection again. When set to 0 then timeout is disabled. Range: 0-10. Default value: 5.
BLE broadcasting power [dBm]	Parameter defines power of broadcasting radio signal for Bluetooth communication. Range: [1]: -18, [2]: -12, [3]: -6, [4]: -3, [5]: -2, [6]: -1, [7]: 0. Default value: [1]: -18.
BLE transmission power [dBm]	Parameter defines power of transmission radio signal for Bluetooth communication. Range: [0]: Auto; [1]: -18, [2]: -12, [3]: -6, [4]: -3, [5]: -2, [6]: -1, [7]: 0. Default value: [0]: Auto.
<b>Barcode scanner</b>	
Scanner mode	Parameter defines barcode scanner mode. Range: [0]: Activated by detector, [4]: Continuous operation. Default value: [0]: Activated by detector. For scanner mode continuous for the QR code scanner, the acceptable ambient temperature range for the reader changes to -25°C to +40°C.
White supplementary lighting mode	Parameter defines operation mode for white supplementary lighting. Range: [0]: Activated during scan, [2]: Always off. Default value: [2]: Always off.
Red aiming light mode	Parameter defines operation mode for read aiming light. Range: [0]: Blinking during scan, [1] Always blinking, [2]: Always off, [16]: Activated during scan, [17]: Always on. Default value: [2]: Always off.
Time to switch in standby mode	Parameter defines time to switch in standby mode. Range: 2-20 [s]. Default value: 6.
Time interval for repeated of the same code [s]	Parameter defines interval between successive scans on the same barcode. Range: 0,1-4 [s]. Default value: 2.
<b>Plain barcodes</b>	
Format	Parameter defines format of plain barcode. Range: [0]: None, [1]: HEX, [2]: ASCII, [3]: BIN. Default value: [0]: None.
First byte position (FBP)	Parameter defines the position of first byte for plain barcode. Range: 0-255. Default value: 0.
Maximum number of bytes	Parameter defines maximal number of bytes for plain barcode. Range: 1-16. Default value: 8.
<b>Comments</b>	
DEV	Parameter defines any text or comment which corresponds to the device/object. It is later displayed in VISO program or Roger Mobile Key app.
KBD1	Parameter defines any text or comment which corresponds to the device/object. It is later displayed in VISO program.

CDI1	Parameter defines any text or comment which corresponds to the device/object. It is later displayed in VISO program.
IN1 (Tamper)	Parameter defines any text or comment which corresponds to the device/object. It is later displayed in VISO program.
<b>Serial card number (CSN) settings</b>	
Serial number length (CSNL) [B]	Parameter defines the number of bytes from serial card number (CSN) which will be used to generate returned card number (RCN). RCN is the actual card number read by reader and it is created as sum of serial card number (CSN) and programmable card number (PCN).
<b>Programmable card number (PCN) settings for Mifare Classic</b>	
Sector type	Parameter defines sector type with programmable number (PCN). If the option [0]:None is selected then card returned number (RCN) will include only CSN and PCN will be discarded. Range: [0]: None, [1]: SSN, [2]: MAD. Default value: [0]: None.
Format	Parameter defines format of PCN. Range: [0]: BIN, [1]: ASCII HEX. Default value: [0]: BIN.
First byte position (FBP)	Parameter defines the position of the first byte for PCN in data block on card. Range: 0-15. Default value: 0.
Last byte position (LBP)	Parameter defines the position of the last byte for PCN in data block on card. Range: 0-15. Default value: 7.
Sector ID	Parameter defines sector number where PCN is stored. Range: 0-39. Default value: 1.
Application ID (AID)	Parameter defines application ID number (AID) which indicates sector where PCN number is stored. Range: 0-9999. Default value: 5156.
Block ID	Parameter defines block number where PCN is stored. Range: 0-2 for sectors 0-31 and 0-14 for sectors 32-39. Default value: 0.
Key type	Parameter defines key type used to access sector with PCN. Range: [0]: A, [1]: B, [2]: Roger. Default value: [0]: A.
Key	Parameter defines 6 bytes (12 HEX digits) key for accessing sector where PCN is stored.
<b>Programmable card number (PCN) settings for Mifare Plus</b>	
Sector type	Parameter defines sector type with programmable number (PCN). If the option [0]:None is selected then card returned number (RCN) will include only CSN and PCN will be discarded. Range: [0]: None, [1]: SSN, [2]: MAD. Default value: [0]: None.
Format	Parameter defines format of PCN. Range: [0]: BIN, [1]: ASCII HEX. Default value: [0]: BIN.
First byte position (FBP)	Parameter defines the position of the first byte for PCN in data block on card. Range: 0-15. Default value: 0.
Last byte position (LBP)	Parameter defines the position of the last byte for PCN in data block on card. Range: 0-15. Default value: 7.
Sector ID	Parameter defines sector number where PCN is stored. Range: 0-39. Default value: 1.
Application ID (AID)	Parameter defines application ID number (AID) which indicates sector where PCN number is stored. Range: 0-9999. Default value: 5156.
Block ID	Parameter defines block number where PCN is stored. Range: 0-2 for sectors 0-31 and 0-14 for sectors 32-39. Default value: 0.

Key type	Parameter defines key type used to access sector with PCN. Range: [0]: A, [1]: B. Default value: [0]: A.
Key	Parameter defines access key for Desfire file with PCN. 3-KTDES key is 16 bytes (32 HEX digits), TDES and AES keys are 16 bytes (32 HEX digits).
<b>Programmable card number (PCN) settings for Mifare Desfire</b>	
Sector type	Parameter defines sector type with programmable number (PCN). If the option [0]:None is selected then card returned number (RCN) will include only CSN and PCN will be discarded. Range: [0]: None, [1]: Desfire file. Default value: [0]: None.
Format	Parameter defines format of PCN. Range: [0]: BIN, [1]: ASCII HEX. Default value: [0]: BIN.
First byte position (FBP)	Parameter defines the position of the first byte for PCN in data block on card. Range: 0-15. Default value: 0.
Last byte position (LBP)	Parameter defines the position of the last byte for PCN in data block on card. Range: 0-15. Default value: 7.
Application ID (AID)	Parameter defines application ID number (AID) which indicates sector where PCN number is stored. Range: 0-9999. Default value: F51560.
File ID (FID)	Parameter defines file identifier in AID. Range: 0-32 for Desfire EV1 and 0-16 for Desfire EV0. Default value: 0.
Communication protection level	Parameter defines encryption method for communication between card and reader. Range: [0]: Plain, [1]: Data authentication by MAC, [2]: Full encryption. Default value: [0]: Plain.
Key number	Parameter defines application key number used for file read. Range: 0-13. Default value: 0.
Key type	Parameter defines encryption key type for Desfire file. Range: [0]: TDES Native, [1]: TDES Standard, [2]: 3-KTDES, [3]: AES128. Default value: [0]: TDES Native.
Key	Parameter defines access key for Desfire file with PCN. 3-KTDES key is 24 bytes (48 HEX digits), TDES and AES keys are 16 bytes (32 HEX digits).

## Manual addressing

Manual addressing procedure enables configuration of new RS485 address with all other settings unchanged.

### Manual addressing procedure:

1. Remove all connections from A and B lines.
2. Remove jumper from MEM contacts (fig. 4) if it is placed there.
3. Restart the device (switch power supply off and on or short RST contacts for a moment) and orange LED SYSTEM will pulsate. Then within 5 seconds place jumper on MEM contacts.
4. Enter 3 digits of RS485 address in range of 100-115 with any MIFARE card.
5. Leave jumper on MEM contacts to enable further configuration of device from VISO v2 software or remove jumper from MEM contacts to block such remote configuration.
6. Restart the device.

Readers without keypad can be addressed with multiple card readings where the N number of readings emulates digit of the address. Three series of readings with any MIFARE proximity card are necessary to set the address. After each series wait for two beeps and proceed with the next digit. Zero digit is emulated with 10 readings.

### Example:

Programming of ID=101 address with card readings:

1. Read card 1 time and wait for two beeps.
2. Read card 10 times and wait for two beeps.
3. Read card 1 time and wait for two beeps.
4. Wait till reader is restarted with the new address.

## Memory reset

Memory reset procedure resets all settings to factory default ones including ID=100 address.

### Memory reset procedure:

1. Remove all connections from A and B lines.
2. Remove jumper from MEM contacts (fig. 4) if it is placed there.
3. Restart the device (switch power supply off and on or short RST contacts for a moment) and orange LED SYSTEM will pulsate. Then within 5 seconds place jumper on MEM contacts.
4. Read any MIFARE card 11 times.
5. Wait till device confirms reset with long acoustic signal.
6. Leave jumper on MEM contacts to enable further configuration of device from VISO software and disconnect device from RUD-1 interface.
7. Restart the device.

## High level configuration (VISO)

The purpose of high level configuration is to define logical functioning of the terminal which communicates with the MC16 access controller and it depends on applied scenario of operation. The example of access control system configuration is given in AN006 application note which is available at [www.roger.pl](http://www.roger.pl).

## 5. FIRMWARE UPDATE

The firmware of device can be changed to newer or older version. The update requires connection to computer with RUD-1 interface and starting RogerVDM software. The latest firmware file is available at [www.roger.pl](http://www.roger.pl).

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Note: Backup configuration with RogerVDM software before firmware update because the update will restore factory default settings.

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### Firmware update procedure:

1. Connect the reader to RUD-1 interface (fig. 10) and connect the RUD-1 to computer's USB port.
2. Place jumper on MEM contacts (fig. 5).
3. Restart the device (switch power supply off and on).
4. Start RogerVDM program and in the top menu select *Tools* and then *Update firmware*.
5. In the opened window select device type, serial port with RUD-1 interface and path to main firmware file (\*.frg) and in case of device with keypad also path to additional firmware file (\*.cyacd).
6. Click *Update* to start firmware upload with progress bar in the bottom.
7. When the update is finished, disconnect from RUD-1 interface and remove jumper from MEM contacts. Additionally it is recommended to start memory reset procedure.

## 6. SPECIFICATION

Table 7. Specification	
Supply voltage	Nominal 12VDC, min./max. range 10-15VDC
Current consumption (average)	~80 mA (additional 120mA if the barcode scanner is set to read continuously).
Tamper protection	Enclosure opening reported to access controller
Identification methods	13.56MHz MIFARE Ultralight, Classic, Plus and Desfire proximity cards Mobile devices (Android, iOS) with NFC Mobile devices (Android, iOS) with BLE (Bluetooth Low Energy) v4.1 Barcodes (1D): UPC A, UPC E, EAN 8, Interleaved 2 of 5, EAN 13, GS1-128, Code 128

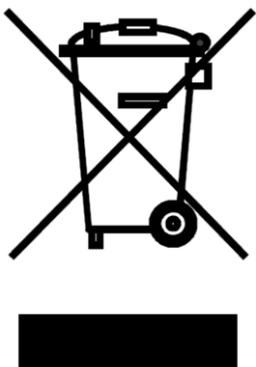
	Barcodes (2D): QR, PDF417, Data Matrix
Reading range	Up to 7 cm for MIFARE cards and NFC Up to 10 m for BLE – depends on ambient conditions and particular mobile device. Terminal's radio power can be increased within low level configuration. 2-20 cm for the proximity sensor of QR scanner (for scanner operating mode [0]: Reading triggered by sensor) - depends on ambient conditions and type of code applied. 4-25 cm for a QR code scanner for a 10x10mm code. Note: As the size of code increases, minimum and maximum reading distances increase
Distance	1200m maximal cable length for RS485 bus between controller and reader
IP Code	IP65
IK Code	IK05
Environmental class (according to EN 50133-1)	Class IV, outdoor general conditions, temperature: -25°C to +60°C, relative humidity: 10 to 95% (no condensation) Operating temperature: -25°C- +60°C (for scanner mode [0]: Sensor-triggered reading), Operating temperature: -25°C- +40°C (for scanner mode [4]: Continuous reading)
Dimensions H x W x D	130 x 45 x 22 mm
Weight	~100g
Certificates	CE

## 7. ORDERING INFORMATION

Table 8. Ordering information	
MCT84M-BK-QB	Access Terminal
RUD-1	Portable USB-RS485 communication interface dedicated to ROGER access control devices

## 8. PRODUCT HISTORY

Table 9. Product history		
Version	Date	Description
MCT84M-BK-QB v1.0	07/2022	The first commercial version of product



This symbol placed on a product or packaging indicates that the product should not be disposed of with other wastes as this may have a negative impact on the environment and health. The user is obliged to deliver equipment to the designated collection points of electric and electronic waste. For detailed information on recycling, contact your local authorities, waste disposal company or point of purchase. Separate collection and recycling of this type of waste contributes to the protection of the natural resources and is safe to health and the environment. Weight of the equipment is specified in the document.

**Contact:**

**Roger sp. z o.o. sp.k.**

**82-400 Sztum**

**Gościszewo 59**

**Tel.: +48 55 272 0132**

**Fax: +48 55 272 0133**

**Tech. support: +48 55 267 0126**

**E-mail: [support@roger.pl](mailto:support@roger.pl)**

**Web: [www.roger.pl](http://www.roger.pl)**